CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THREE and NINE MONTHS ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

(UNAUDITED)

Notice to Reader

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of GPM Metals Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	As at September 30, 2017			As at December 31, 2016		
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash	\$	503.780	\$	1,827,393		
Short-term investments (note 3)		20,051		25,000		
Accounts receivable and other assets (note 4)		84,701		110,823		
Total current assets		608,532		1,963,216		
Non-current assets						
Property and equipment						
Total assets	\$	608,532	\$	1,963,216		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities						
Amounts payable and other liabilities	\$	210,207	\$	468,377		
Capital, reserves and deficit						
Share capital (note 5)		23,439,480		23,439,480		
Capital surplus		14,761,485		13,554,655		
Warrant reserve (note 8)		-		518,549		
Deficit		(37,802,640)		(35,017,845)		
Total capital and reserves		398.325		1,494,839		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	608,532	\$	1,963,216		

Nature of operations (note	1)
Subsequent events (note	13)

Approved	l on be	half of t	the E	Board	:
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(Signed)	, Director
(Signed)	, Director

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30			Nine Month Septemb			
		2017		2016		2017	2016
Operating expenses							
General and administrative (note 9)	\$	225,185	\$	672,272	\$	918,820 \$	1,159,948
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	•	15,789		(12,338)	•	35,276	(464)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures (note 11)		431,189		1,645,454		831,189	2,201,776
Operating loss		(672,163)	(2	2,305,388)		(1,785,285)	(3,361,260)
Interest income		1,577		4,954		5,439	7,742
Gain on sale of properties (note 11(e))				4,389,852			4,389,852
Unrealized loss on short-term investments		4,952		5,450		(4,949)	(500)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		(665,634)	\$	2,094,868	\$	(1,784,795) \$	1,035,834
Basic and diluted net loss per common share (note 7)	\$	(0.01)		\$ 0.03	\$	(0.02) \$	0.02
Weighted average number of common shares		00 000 440		04 040 400		00 000 440	00 474 405
outstanding (note 7)		90,233,119		64,343,199		90,233,119	62,471,495

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2017	2016		
Operating activities				
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (1,784,795)	\$ 1.035.834		
Adjustments for:	· (, - , ,	+ ,,		
Gain on sale of properties (note 11(e))		(4,400,000)		
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(35,276)	(, , , ,		
Unrealized loss on short-term investments	` 4,949 [′]	500		
Share based payments (note 6)	688,281	550,196		
Non-cash working capital items:	,	,		
Accounts receivable and other assets	26,121	209,530		
Amounts payable and other liabilities	(258,168)	895,631		
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,358,888)	(1,708,309)		
Investing activity				
Purchase of Property and Equipment		(10,780)		
Net cash provided by investing activity		(10,780)		
Net cash provided by hivesting activity		(10,780)		
Financing activity				
Proceeds from Private Placement Warrants		4,120,388		
Broker warrants from Private Placement		37,414		
Proceeds from exercise of options		32,500		
Net cash provided by financing activity		4,190,302		
Net change in cash	(1,358,888)	2,471,212		
Cash, beginning of period	1,827,392	1,000,998		
Effect of foreign exchange rate fluctuation on cash held	35,276			
Cash, end of period	\$ 503,780	\$ 3,472,210		

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Reserves						
		Share capital		Capital surplus (note 6)	Warrant reserve (note 8)	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	23,718,447	\$	8,087,678 \$	4,996,495	\$(35,639,439)	\$ 1,163,181
Share based payments (note 6)		-		550,196		-	550,196
Warrants issued for private placement				-	4,120,387	-	4,120,387
Warrants converted to shares (note 8)		4,120,387		-	(4,120,387)	-	-
Broker warrants converted		37 414		-	-	-	37,414
Exercise of options		32,500		-	-	-	32,500
Return of capital (note 11(e))		(4,400,000)		-	-	-	(4,400,000)
Net income and comprehensive income for the period		-		-	-	1,035,834	1,035,834
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$	23,508,748	\$	8,637,874	4,996,495	\$(34,603,605) \$ 2,539,512

		_	Reser	ves			
	Share capital		Capital surplus	r	Varrant eserve note 8)	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ 23,439,480	\$	13,554,655	\$	518,549	\$(36,017,845)	\$ 1,494,839
Share based payments (note 6)	-		688,281		-	-	688,281
Warrants expired	-		518,549		(518,549)	-	-
Net income and comprehensive income for the period	-		-		-	(1,784,795)	(1,784,795)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 23,439,480	\$	4,761,485	\$	-	\$ (37,802,640)	\$ 398,325

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

1. Nature of operations

GPM Metals Inc. (the "Company" or "GPM") was incorporated under the Alberta Business Corporation Act on March 16, 1994 under the name of Minera Sierra Madre Inc. Effective December 15, 1999, the Company changed its name to MSA Capital Corp. and, subsequently, on October 28, 2002, changed its name to Coronation Minerals Inc. On April 5, 2004, the Company filed articles of continuance and was continued under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario). On August 17, 2009, the Company announced that it had filed articles of amendment to change its name to Guyana Precious Metals Inc. Effective August 27, 2013, the Company changed its name to GPM Metals Inc. The primary office is located at 141 Adelaide Street West, Suite 1101, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 3L5.

The Company is a development stage entity that does not generate operating revenues and has limited financial resources. The Company is subject to risks and challenges similar to companies in a comparable stage of development. These risks include the availability of capital and risks inherent in the mining industry related to development, exploration and operations as well as global economic and commodity price volatility. The underlying value of the Company's mineral properties are entirely dependent on the Company's ability to obtain the necessary permits to operate and secure the required financing to complete development of and establish future profitable production from its mineral assets, or the proceeds from the disposition of its mineral properties.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board on a going concern basis, which assumes the Company will be able to meet its obligations and continue its operations for the next twelve months from September 30, 2017. At September 30, 2017, the Company had not yet achieved profitable operations, had an accumulated deficit of \$37.8 million since inception (September 30, 2016, \$35.0 million) and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. To continue the Company will need to raise funds as it does not have the cash nor cash flow to continue for the next twelve months.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain the necessary financing to meet its ongoing corporate overhead expenditures as well as advance the exploration of its claims and development of its projects. Cash was raised in a non-brokered private placement in May 2016. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future or that such arrangements will be on terms advantageous to the Company. These material uncertainties cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business and, accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the Company were unable to realize its assets and settle it liabilities as a going concern in the normal course of operations. Such adjustments could be material.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements, unregistered claims, aboriginal claims and noncompliance with regulatory and environmental requirements.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Statement of compliance

These unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements required by IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The policies applied in these unaudited consolidated interim financial statements are based on IFRS issued and

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

effective as of November 27, 2017 the date the Board of Directors approved the statements.

(b) New Accounting Pronouncements not yet adopted

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 also includes requirements relating to a new hedge accounting model, which represents a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting which will allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in the financial statements. The most significant improvements apply to those that hedge non-financial risk, and so these improvements are expected to be of interest to non-financial institutions. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company hs evaluated the standard and has concluded that the application of IFRS 9 will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 15 – Revenue Recognition – The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue, IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts. This standard will replace IAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and IAS 11 which covers construction contracts. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized when control of a good or service transfers to a customer, so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards. The standard permits a modified retrospective approach for the adoption. Under this approach, entities recognize transitional adjustments in retained earnings on the date of initial applications (i.e. January 1, 2018), without restating the comparative period. Entities will only need to apply the new rules to contracts that are not completed as of the date of initial application. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company has evaluated the standard and has concluded that the application of IFRS 15 will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16 – Leases – In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 – Leases which establishes the principles that an entity should use to determine the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract: the customer ('lessee") and the supplier ("lessor"). IFRS 16 replaces the previous leases Standard, IAS 17, and related interpretations. IFRS 16 is effective from January 1, 2019 though a company can choose to apply IFRS 16 before that date but only in conjunction with IFRS Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

3. Short-term investments

	As at September 30, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Prophecy Development Corp. common shares	\$ 20,051 \$	25,000

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

4. Accounts receivable and other assets

	Sep	As at December 31, 2016		
Harmonized sales tax recoverable - (Canada)	\$	36,396	\$	37,256
Sales tax recoverable - (Australia)		7,120		41,818
Pacific Consulting (Australia)		960		952
Adrian Buer (Australia)		4,894		4,854
Greg Duncan		685		-
Prepaid expenses		9,760		19,319
Employee advance		13,800		-
Miscellaneous		11,086		6,624
	\$	84,701	\$	110,823

5. Share capital

a) Authorized share capital

The authorized share capital consisted of an unlimited number of common shares. The common shares do not have a par value. All issued shares are fully paid.

b) Common shares issued

At September 30 2017, the issued share capital amounted to \$23,439,480. The changes in issued share capital for the periods were as follows:

Number of

common	
shares	Amount
61,525,357	\$23,718,447
28,333,333	4,001,889
249,428	72,044
125,000	47,100
•	(4,400,000)
90,233,118	\$ 23,439,480
90,233,118	\$ 23,439,480
	shares 61,525,357 28,333,333 249,428 125,000

- (1) On May 24, 2016, the Company announced it had closed its previously announced, non-brokered private placement pursuant to which it issued 28,333,333 Special Warrants at a price of \$0.15 per Special Warrant to raise aggregate gross proceeds of \$4,240,000 (\$4,001,880 net). On September 21, 2016, each Special warrant automatically converted into one common share of the Company without any additional payment by the holder.
- (2) The Company also issued an aggregate of 853,000 broker warrants to eligible registrants assisting in connection with the Offering, each entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.15 for one year. The fair value of these broker warrants was \$118,499 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%: expected volatility of

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

5. Share capital (continued)

149.5%: risk-free interest rate of 0.61% and an expected life of 1 year. In 2016, 249,428 broker warrants were converted into one common share each.

(3) As a part of the sale of the Weebigee project, the Company received 40,000,000 shares of Lago Dourado Minerals Ltd valued at \$4,400,000. These shares were distributed to the Company's shareholders as a return of capital. Refer to Note 11 (e) for details.

6. Stock options

The following tables reflect the continuity of stock options for the periods ended September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016:

	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price (\$)	
Balance, December 31, 2015	2,325,000	0.20	
Exercised (at share price on date exercised)	(125,000)	0.26	
Granted	3,825,000	0.50	
Balance, September 30, 2016	6,025,000	0.39	
Expired and cancelled	(125,000)	0.21	
Balance, December 31, 2016	5,900,000	0.36	
Expired and cancelled	(1,575,000)		
Granted	3.350,000	0.07	
Balance, September 30, 2017	7,675,000	0.26	
Weighted average exercise price for vested options		0.26	

The following table reflects the stock options issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2017:

Expiry date	Exercise price (\$)	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	Number of options outstanding	Number of options vested (exercisable)	Number of options unvested
September 7, 2020	0.115	0.192	500,000	500,000	-
July 26, 2019	0.50	0.907	3,825,000	2,868,750	956,250
March 2, 2020	0.15	1.057	3,350,000	1,675,000	1,675,000
	•	2.155	7,675,000	5,043,750	2,631,250

(1) On September 7 2015 the Company granted 500,000 options to a certain officer of the Company at a price of \$0.115 per share. The fair value of these options at the date of grant of \$0.105 was estimated using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following inputs and assumptions: a five-year expected term: a 137% expected volatility based on historical trends: risk free interest rate of 0.75%; share price at the date of grant of \$0.12; and an expected dividend yield of 0%. The grant date fair value assigned to these options was \$52,500. These options, which will vest by 25% upon date of grant and by 25% on each of the 6, 12 and 18 month anniversaries of the date of grant, will expire on September 7, 2020. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 the impact on salaries and

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

6. Stock options (continued)

benefits was \$5,447 and \$15,726, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 the impact on salaries and benefits was nil and \$1,584 respectively.

- (2) On July 26, 2016 the Company granted 3,825,000 options to certain directors, officers and consultants of the Company at a price of \$0.50 per share. The fair value of these options at the date of grant of \$0.3637 was estimated using Black-Scholes valuation model with the following inputs and assumptions: a 2.76-year expected term: 133.72% expected volatility based on historical trends: risk free interest rate of 0.58%: share price at the date of grant of \$0.49 and an expected dividend yield of 0%. The grant date fair value assigned to these options was \$1,391,153. These options, which will vest by 25% upon date of grant and by 25% on each of the 6, 12 and 18 month anniversaries of the date of grant, will expire on July 26, 2019, For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 the impact on salaries was \$144,357 and \$336,271
- (3) On March 2, 2017 the Company granted 3,350,000 options to certain directors, officers and consultants of the Company at a price of \$0.15 per share. The fair value of these options at the date of grant of \$0.1076 was estimated using Black-Scholes valuation model with the following inputs and assumptions: a 2,72-year expected term; 129.62% expected volatility based on historical trends; risk free interest rate of 0,77% and an expected dividend yield of 0%. The grant date fair value assigned to these options was \$360,460. These options, which will vest by 25% upon date of grant and by 25% on each of the 6, 12 and 18 month anniversaries of the date of grant, will expire on March 2, 2020. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 the impact on salaries was \$81,972 and \$198,210 respectively.

7. Net loss per common share

The calculation of basic loss per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 was based on the loss attributable to common shareholders of \$665,634 and \$1,784,795 (three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 - income of \$1,035,834 and \$2,094,868) and the basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding of 90,233,119 (three and six months ended September 30, 2016-64,343,199 and 62,471,495). Diluted loss per share did not include the effect of 7,675,000 stock options (September 30, 2016-2,325,000 stock options) and nil warrants (June 30, 2016-32,186,833 warrants) as they are anti-dilutive or not in the money.

8. Warrants

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants for the periods ended September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
Balance, December 31, 2015 Issued May 20, 2016	3,000,000 28,333.333	0.28
Issued May 28, 2016 broker warrants	853,500	0.15
Converted to common shares, September 21, 2016 Broker warrants exercised, September 2016	(28,333,333) (249,428)	0.15
Balance September 30, 2016 &December 31, 2016	3,604,072	
Expired May 24, 2017	(604,072)	
Expired May 27, 2017	(3,000,000)	
Balance September 30, 2017	-	-

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

8. Warrants (continued)

The following table reflects the actual warrants issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2016. There were nil warrants outstanding as of September 30, 2017

Number of warrants	Foir value	Evereice price	Evoiry data
Outstanding	Fair value	Exercise price	Expiry date
3,000,000	\$438,000	\$0.28	May 27, 2017
604,072	-	0.15	May 24, 2017
3,604,072	\$438,000	-	-

9. General and administrative

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Septembe			
	2017	2016		2017	2016	
Salaries and benefits	\$ 130,085	\$ 540,414	\$	560,426 \$	710,288	
Consulting fees	57,160	77,000		202,700	137,800	
Administrative and general	24,762	31,296		81,296	134,702	
Reporting issuer costs	3,634	12,972		31,002	70,480	
Professional fees	6,129	(1,417)		29,920	79,696	
Insurance	3,415	11,211		13,476	26,982	
	\$ 225,185	\$ 671,475	\$	918,820 \$	1,159,948	

10. Related party balances and transactions

Related parties include the Board of Directors, officers, close family members and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions. The transactions noted below are in the normal course of business and approved by the Board of Directors in strict adherence to conflict of interest laws and regulations.

(a) GPM entered into the following transactions with related parties:

		Three Months Ended September 30,			s Ended er 30,
	Notes	2017	2016	2017	2016
Bruce Rosenberg	(i) S	9,407	\$ 7,850	\$ 38,907	\$ 36,889
Alan Ferry	(ii)	9,407	3,000	38,907	9,000
Doug Lewis	(ii)	9,407	3,000	38,907	9,000
Alexander Po	(ii)		3,000		6,000
Harry Burgess	(ii)	8,321	3,000	33,425	9,000
J. Patrick Sheridan	(iii)	57,159	30,000	202,700	90,000
Dan Noone	(iv)	17,050		78,757	
Paul Murphy	(iv)	12,708		58,416	

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

10. Related party balances and transactions (continued)

- (i) Bruce Rosenberg is a director of the Company. Fees related to legal services provided by Mr. Rosenberg, director's fees and stock based compensation. As at September 30, 2017, his company was owed nil (September 30, 2016, -\$16,988) and these amounts were included in amounts payable and other liabilities.
- (ii) Director fees and stock based compensation paid to directors of the Company. No fees are owing to any Director.
- (iii) Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") fees and stock based compensation. No fees are owing
- (iv) Stock based compensation.
- (b) Remuneration of Directors and key management personnel of the Company was as follows:

	Three Months Ended, September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Total salaries and benefits (1)	\$ 42,000	\$ 52,500	\$ 126,000 \$	139,500
Total share based payments	81,459	299,450	364,019	315.176

⁽¹⁾ Salaries and benefits include director fees. Board of Directors and select officers do not have employment or services contracts with the Company. Directors are entitled to director fees and stock options for their services.

11. Exploration and evaluation expenditures

The Company enters into exploration agreements or permits with other companies or foreign governments pursuant to which it may explore, or earn interests in mineral properties by issuing common shares and/or making option or rental payments and/or incurring expenditures in varying amounts by varying dates. Failure by the Company to meet such requirements can result in a reduction or loss of the Company's ownership interests or entitlements under the agreements or permits.

(a) Rory Group

The Company has a 100% interest in the Rory Group consisting of 265 staked claims located in the Yukon Territory, Canada.

(b) Walker Gossan Project

On January 27, 2014, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary DPG Resources Australia Pty Limited entered into, an Earn-In/Joint Venture Agreement with Rio Tinto Exploration Pty Limited ("Rio Tinto"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Rio Tinto Limited covering base metal exploration and development rights, in relation to certain granted exploration tenements and tenement applications in McArthur Basin Mining District, Northern Territory, Australia (the "Walker Gossan project").

Rio Tinto and GPM have entered into a definitive Two Stage Earn-In/Joint Venture Agreement granting GPM an initial 51% interest under certain conditions that include:

Stage One

- 1. Payment of Australian Dollar ("AUD") \$1,000,000 on signing (paid);
- 2. Minimum expenditure of AUD\$2,000,000 within 3 years of effective date (met);
- 3. Combined expenditures of AUD\$20,000,000 over a 10-year period; and
- 4. Milestone payments within the combined expenditures as follows:
 - (i) AUD\$100,000 upon the grant of licenses to all of the properties;
 - (ii) AUD\$1,000,000 upon the completion of the first drill hole on the Walker Gossan project (paid); and

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

11. Exploration and evaluation expenditures (continued)

(iii) AUD\$4,000,000 upon the completion of a resource study that shows an indicated status for minimum 20 million tons of greater than 8% combined lead and zinc, or lead, zinc and silver, within the licensed area or a Decision to Mine being made.

Stage Two

GPM may increase its interest to 75% by completing a Feasibility Study within 3 years of completing Stage One. Rio Tinto may elect to contribute pursuant to its participating share, not contribute and be diluted or convert its interest into a Net Smelter Return (2.5%) royalty. There are rights of first refusal on purchase and sale of interest for both parties at fair market value. GPM will be responsible for all negotiations with the Northern Land Council for consent to issue the exploration license applications and work programs to be conducted by GPM under its sole rights or as operator.

(c) Pasco Gold Property

On September 15, 2014, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Chaska Resources SAC, entered into a definite agreement to purchase 100% interest in the exploration concession known as Pasco Gold 1, which consists of 1000 hectares of land, located in the district of Huachon, Province of Pasco, in the Republic of Peru (the "Purchase").

On September 3, 2015, the company completed the acquisition of the property with total consideration as follows:

- (a) Payment of USD \$13,000 (paid); and
- (b) Issuance of 50,000 common shares of GPM (issued).

(d) Weebigee Project

(i) Goldeve Project

On April 15, 2015, the Company announced it had entered into a definitive earn-in option agreement (the "Agreement") with Goldeye Explorations Limited ("Goldeye"), whereby GPM has the right and option (the "50.1% Option") to earn an undivided 50.1% legal and beneficial interest in the Weebigee Project (the "Weebigee Project") located in Ontario and the right and option (the "70% Option") to acquire a further 19.9% legal and beneficial interest in the Weebigee Project for an aggregate undivided 70% legal and beneficial interest in the Weebigee Project.

The details of the Agreement are as follows:

Pursuant to the Agreement, Goldeye, as optionor, has granted to GPM, as optionee, the right to earn up to a 70% legal and beneficial interest in the Weebigee Project under certain conditions.

To exercise the 50.1% Option, GPM must:

Stage 1 The 50.1% Option

- 1. Make payment of \$50,000 (paid) in cash and issue such number of common shares (the "Consideration Shares") to Goldeye as shall have an aggregate fair market value of \$25,000 (issued), following receipt of all necessary approvals, (based on the volume weighted average price of such Consideration Shares over
 - the next five business days).
- 2. Make three additional cash payments of an aggregate total of \$500,000 to Goldeye over 3 years; the first one of \$100,000 is paid and

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

11. Exploration and evaluation expenditures (continued)

3. Complete expenditures on the Project of an aggregate total of \$5,000,000 over 4 years.

Year 1 \$ 500,000 (spent)

Year 2 \$1,000,000

Year 3 \$1,500,000

Year 4 \$2,000,000

Stage 2 The 70% Option

To exercise the 70% Option, GPM, after having exercised the 50.1% Option, must, at its election, either:

- 1. Deliver a feasibility study to Goldeye on or prior to the date which is five years following the date upon which GPM exercises the 50.1% Option; or
- 2. Make cash payments to Goldeye and complete exploration expenditures on the Project as follows:
 - a. Three cash payments to Goldeye of an aggregate total of \$1,500,000 over 2 years;
 - b. Complete expenditures on the Project of \$1,000,000 prior to the 1st anniversary of the 70% Option notice date:
 - c. Complete additional expenditures on the Project of \$2,000,000 prior to the 2nd anniversary of the 70% Option notice date.

In the event GPM exercises the 50.1% Option and/or the 70% Option, GPM and Goldeye shall be deemed to have formed a new joint venture (the "Joint Venture") and shall enter into and deliver a Joint Venture Agreement, which shall govern their relationship in respect of the Project. GPM will be the operator of the Project during the term of the option and the manager of the Project following the formation of the Joint Venture. Under the Joint Venture Agreement, GPM and Goldeye will be required to contribute their pro rata share of further expenditures on the Project based on their respective percentage interest in the Joint Venture from time to time on standard industry terms.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company paid \$60,000 in cash, comprised of \$50,000 pursuant to the 50.1% earn-in and \$10,000 pursuant to a winter road balance payment and issued 168,100 common shares (valued at \$25,000) to Goldeye. There was no activity in 2016.

(ii) East Block Project

GPM has staked approximately 1400 additional claim units known as the "East Block" in property surrounding the Goldeye Project. These claims are owned 100% by GPM. The sole ownership by GPM is in dispute by Goldeye Explorations Limited who are claiming 50% ownership of the East Block claims. The Company is defending their position of sole ownership.

Planned exploration over the summer was stopped in June 2016 on the Weebigee Project by the Sandy Lake First Nation due to this dispute between GPM Metals and Goldeye Explorations Limited.

(e) Weebigee and East Block Projects

On July 21, 2016, the Company announced that it and Sandy Lake Gold Inc. (Sandy Lake) (formerly Lago Dourado Minerals Ltd.) have completed the previously announced acquisition (the Acquisition) by Sandy Lake from GPM of GPM's property interests in the Sandy Lake district in northwestern Ontario (Weebigee Project). As consideration for the Acquisition, Sandy Lake issued an aggregate of 40,000,000 common shares to GPM. Consistent with the terms

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

11. Exploration and evaluation expenditures (continued)

of the Acquisition agreement the Company distributed the 40,000,000 shares of Sandy Lake to its shareholders on September 16, 2016 at the rate of \$0.65 share for each share held of GPM. The result of the transaction was a gain on the sale of \$4,389,852 on the Weebigee project equal to the fair value of the Sandy Lake shares less related costs of \$15,034. In addition, the Company recorded a return of capital to the shares equal to the Fair Value of the Sandy Lake shares.

(f) The following is a detailed list of expenditures incurred on the Company's mineral properties:

		Three Months Ended September 30,			s Ended er 30,
	2017	2016	2017		2016
Canada					
General	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	73,276
Travel	-	1,58	36 -		28,556
Geologist	-	9,12	25 -		88,075
Wages & Salaries		3,37	72		3,372
	-	14,08	33 -		193,279
Australia					<u>,</u>
Northern Territory grant	2,39	3 -	(87,68	5))	
Drilling	(149,97	71) 1,141,27	70 (149,9)	71)	1,141,270
General	8,25	57 225,55	22,8	94	283,209
Consulting	32,23	39 143,12	28 154,0	21	288,659
	(107,0	82) 1,509,	950 (60,7	41)	1,713,138
Peru		•	•		
General	538,2	72 121,43	33 891,9 3	30	295,370
_	538,2	72 121,4	33 891,9	30	295,370
	\$ 431,1	90 \$ 1,645,	466 831 ,1	189 3	\$ 2,201,787

12. Segmented information

As at September 30, 2017, the Company operates primarily in three reportable geographical segments, being the exploration for minerals in Australia and Peru and a head office in Toronto, Canada. Until July 21, 2016 it also explored for minerals in Canada.

Nine months ended September 30, 2017

	Canada	Australia	Peru	Total
Revenues Net income (loss) and comprehensive	\$ (331) \$	(159) \$		\$ (490)
Income (loss)	\$ (937,941) \$	45,075 \$	(891,930)	\$ (1,784,795)

Three months ended September 30, 2017 **Total** Canada Australia Peru \$ (6,379)(149)\$ (6.528)Revenues Net income (loss) and comprehensive Income (loss) \$ (237,813) \$ 110,451 \$ (538,272) (665,634)

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

12. Segmented information (continued)

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	Canada	Australia	Peru	Total
Revenues	\$ 4,396,723	\$ 372	\$ -	\$ 4,397,095
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ 3,119,203	\$ (1,787,999)	(295,370)	1,035,834
Three months ended September 30, 2016				
	Canada	Australia	Peru	Total
Revenues	\$ 4,393,936	\$ 372	\$ -	\$ 4,394,308
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ 3,773,132	\$ (1,556,840)	\$ (121,434)	\$ 2,094,868

As at September 30, 2017	Canada	Australia	Peru	Total
Non-current assets	\$ -	-	\$ -	-

As at December 31, 2016

	Canada	Australia	Peru	Total
Non-current assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -